CEA storing spares with BHEL

636. SHRI KHUSHWANT SINGH: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Central Electricity Authority (CEA) is storing spares with Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited (BHEL) in the Industrial sheds situated next to DSIDC Administrative Block in Okhla Industrial Area Phase-I for storage of service spares etc. for Central Electricity Authority (CEA);

(b) whether the DSIDC asked for vacation of this space to enable it to start production of High Electric Products; and

(c) what are the reasons for the premises not being vacated?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE): (a) M/s BHEL are in possession of two godowns in Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-I for the storage and preservation mainly of high-value long delivery imported insurance spares for Russian and American generating sets under operation in the country. These spare belong to the Central Pool of Inurance Spares which is controlled by a Committee of Direction set up by the Ministry of Energy under the Chairmanship of the Member (Operation), Central Electricity Authority.

(b) DSIDC have asked BHEL in December, 1985 to vacate the above space.

(c) The godowns were leased to BHEL for storing and warehousing of spare-parts for power generation equipments. BHEL have stored very important and high-value insurance spares for 50 MW and 100 MW Russian TG sets and 62.5 MW IGE sets. Since the vacation of the godowns will involve shifting of heavy equipments, BHEL have not been able to agree to vacate the godowns.

Power shortage in Delhi

637. PROF. C. LAKSHMANNA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is an acute shortage of power in Delhi and that it has to depend for its power supply requirements on other States;

(b) if so, what is the availability of power in Delhi from its own sources and the power required by it from outside;

(c) the estimated requirement of power in Delhi by the end of the Seventh Five Year Plan period; and

(d) the details of the projects to make Delhi self-sufficient in power and the allocation made for these projects during the seventh Five Year Plan period?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE): (a) and (b) There is no power shortage in Delhi. Full requirement of power in Delhi is being met from DESU's own generation of about 200 MW and balance 600-650 MW from Badarpur Thermal Power Station,, Delhi's share in Bairasiul and Singrauli and from the Northern Grid.

(c) According to 12th Electric Power Survey of India, the maximum peak demand of Delhi by the end of Seventh Five Year Plan is expected to be 1373 MW.

(d) To meet the increased demand, DESU is installing 6 gas turbine units of 30 MW each and 2 thermal units of 67.5 MW each. Financial allocations for the Seventh Plan period for these projects is yet to be determined. However, these schemes are expected to be executed within the VII Plan with the plan assistance that may be provided over and above the normal plan allocation for Power Sector of DESU. A National Capital Region Thermal Station at

Muradnagar with a capacity of 840 MW is also being set up. A provision of Rs. 100 crores has been tentatively provided for this project in the VII Plan. Delhi is also expected to get shares from the Central station being set up in the Northern Region.

Mini and Micro Hydro Power Units

638. SHRI R. SAMBASIVA RAO: Will the Minister of ENERGY be state:

(a) whether Government propose to give priority to the setting up of mini and micro hydro power units in the country; and

(b) what so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE): (a) and (b) The development of mini| micro|small hydro-electric schemes is being emphasised, particularly to meet the power requirements of remote areas. The Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 has been amended to enable the State authorities to take up implementation of such schemes costing less than Rs. 5 crore without approval of the Central Electricity Authority. At present, 78 small/mini, micro schemes with an aggregate capacity of about 170 MW are under construction.

गुजरात में पेट्रोलियम का उत्पादन

639. **श्री मीर्जा इर्शादबेग :** क्या **पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) खनिज तेलों और पेट्रोलियम के उत्पादन में गुजरात का राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर कितने प्रतिशत योगदान है ;

(ख) क्या कच्छ, मेहसाणा, खम्भात आदि में नये अन्वेषण किये गये हैं, और यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ग) क्या सरकार गुजरात में उत्पादित प्राकृतिक गैस की रसोई गैस में बदलने की किसी योजना पर विचार कर रही हैं ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो इसे कब तक क्रियान्वित किय जाने की संभावना है ?

पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री चन्द्र शेखर सिंह) : (क) वर्ष 1985-86 के दौरान, कूड तेल के उत्पादन का लगभग 14 प्रतिशत गुजरात से प्राप्त होने का अनुमान लगाया गया है।

(ख) 13 भू-कम्पीय सर्वेक्षण पार्टियां लगाई गई हैं। चालू वर्ष के दौरान छः नई संरचनाओं में अन्वेषी ब्यथन का कार्य आरम्भ किया गया है।

(ग) जी, हां।

(घ) अंकलेश्वर परियोजना से 1986-87 के दौरान एल०पी०जी० का उत्पादन आरम्भ होने की आशा है ?

Raw material for Paper Industry

640. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the extent to which the paper industry's demand for raw material was met from within the country and by imports, separately, during the year 1985 as compared to the demand met during the year 1984;

(b) what is the extent of increase in the production capacity of the paper industry during the last three years, year-wise, and what is the actual capacity utilisation by the end of 1985; and

(c) what is the estimated increase in the demand for raw material with the increase in the production capacity and what measures have been taken by Government to augment the indigenous supply by producing larger quantity of raw material and to reduce imports?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI M.